

KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Rabbit monoclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI2386**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC, ICC
Primary Accession	P19532
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 62 kDa , observed , 62 kDa KDa
Gene Name	TFE3
Aliases	TFE3; Transcription Factor Binding To IGHM Enhancer 3; BHLHe33; TFEA; Class E Basic Helix-Loop-Helix Protein 33; Transcription Factor E3; Transcription Factor For Immunoglobulin Heavy-Chain Enhancer 3; Transcription Factor E Family, Member A; Transcription Factor For IgH Enhancer; BHLHE33; MRXSPF; RCCP2; RCCX1
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human TFE3

KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	7030
Other Names	
Transcription factor E3, Class E basic helix-loop-helix protein 33, bHLHe33, TFE3 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:9393982, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:11752}	

KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name TFE3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9393982, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11752}

Function

Transcription factor that acts as a master regulator of lysosomal biogenesis and immune response (PubMed: [2338243](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2338243), PubMed: [24448649](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24448649), PubMed: [29146937](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29146937), PubMed: [30733432](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30733432), PubMed: [31672913](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31672913), PubMed: [37079666](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37079666)). Specifically recognizes and binds E-box sequences (5'-CANNTG-3'); efficient DNA-binding requires dimerization with itself or with another MiT/TFE family member such as TFEB or MITF (PubMed: [24448649](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24448649)). Involved in the cellular response to amino acid availability by acting downstream of MTOR: in the presence of

nutrients, TFE3 phosphorylation by MTOR promotes its inactivation (PubMed:24448649, PubMed:31672913, PubMed:36608670). Upon starvation or lysosomal stress, inhibition of MTOR induces TFE3 dephosphorylation, resulting in transcription factor activity (PubMed:24448649, PubMed:31672913, PubMed:36608670). Specifically recognizes and binds the CLEAR-box sequence (5'-GTCACGTGAC-3') present in the regulatory region of many lysosomal genes, leading to activate their expression, thereby playing a central role in expression of lysosomal genes (PubMed:24448649). Maintains the pluripotent state of embryonic stem cells by promoting the expression of genes such as ESRRB; mTOR- dependent TFE3 cytosolic retention and inactivation promotes exit from pluripotency (By similarity). Required to maintain the naive pluripotent state of hematopoietic stem cell; mTOR-dependent cytoplasmic retention of TFE3 promotes the exit of hematopoietic stem cell from pluripotency (PubMed:30733432). TFE3 activity is also involved in the inhibition of neuronal progenitor differentiation (By similarity). Acts as a positive regulator of browning of adipose tissue by promoting expression of target genes; mTOR-dependent phosphorylation promotes cytoplasmic retention of TFE3 and inhibits browning of adipose tissue (By similarity). In association with TFEB, activates the expression of CD40L in T-cells, thereby playing a role in T-cell- dependent antibody responses in activated CD4(+) T-cells and thymus- dependent humoral immunity (By similarity). Specifically recognizes the MUE3 box, a subset of E-boxes, present in the immunoglobulin enhancer (PubMed:2338243). It also binds very well to a USF/MLTF site (PubMed:2338243). Promotes TGF-beta-induced transcription of COL1A2; via its interaction with TSC22D1 at E-boxes in the gene proximal promoter (By similarity). May regulate lysosomal positioning in response to nutrient deprivation by promoting the expression of PIP4P1 (PubMed:29146937).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Lysosome membrane. Note=When nutrients are present, recruited to the lysosomal membrane via association with GDP-bound RagC/RRAGC (or RagD/RRAGD): it is then phosphorylated by MTOR (PubMed:24448649, PubMed:37079666). Phosphorylation by MTOR prevents nuclear translocation and promotes ubiquitination and degradation (PubMed:22692423, PubMed:30733432, PubMed:36608670, PubMed:37079666) Conversely, inhibition of mTORC1, starvation and lysosomal disruption, promotes dephosphorylation and translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:22692423, PubMed:30733432, PubMed:37079666)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous in fetal and adult tissues.

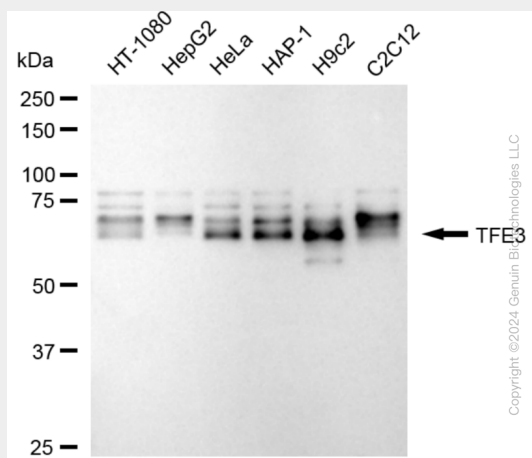
KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

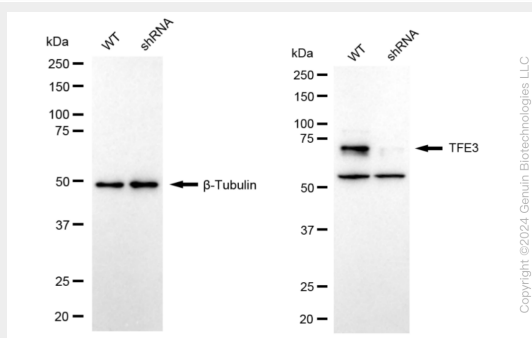
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)

- [Cell Culture](#)

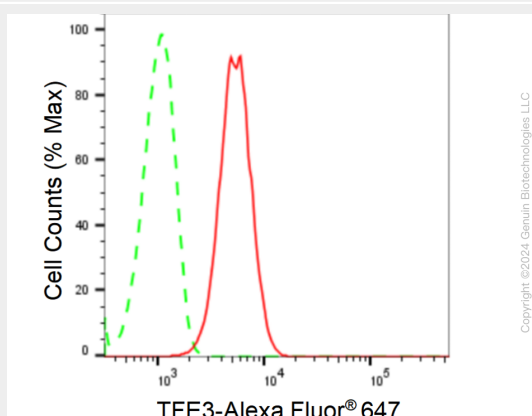
KD-Validated Anti-TFE3 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



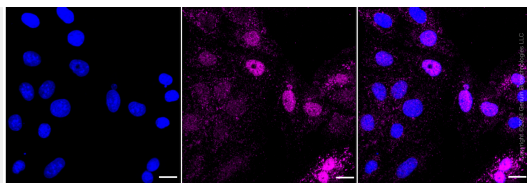
Western blotting analysis using anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386). TFE3 expression in wild-type (WT) and TFE3 shRNA knockdown (KD) HeLa cells with 20 µg of total cell lysates. β-Tubulin serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Flow cytometric analysis of TFE3 expression in H9c2 cells using anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386, 1:2,000). Green, isotype control; red, TFE3.



Immunocytochemical staining of H9c2 cells with anti-TFE3 antibody (Cat#AGI2386, 1:1,000). Nuclei were stained blue with DAPI; TFE3 was stained magenta with Alexa Fluor® 647. Images were taken using Leica stellaris 5. Protein abundance based on laser Intensity and smart gain: Medium. Scale bar: 20 μ m.